

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

This SDS packet was issued with item:

078915666

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to one or more components included in the items listed below. Items listed below may require one or more SDS. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

078371709

PRODUCT INFORMATION AND QUALITY CONTROL SHEET

TSA 5% SHEEP BLOOD / MacCONKEY AGAR BIPLATE

I. INTENDED USE

Trypticase Soy Agar (TSA) supplemented with sheep blood is an enriched general purpose medium for the cultivation of microorganisms and the visualization of hemolytic reactions.

MacConkey Agar is a selective and differential medium for the isolation and differentiation of gram negative enteric bacilli.

II. SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

The nutritional composition of Trypticase Soy Agar has made it a popular medium, both un-supplemented and as a base for media containing blood. Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% or 10% sheep blood is used extensively for the cultivation of fastidious microbial species and for the determination of hemolytic reactions which are important differentiation characteristics for bacteria, especially *Streptococcus* species.

Since this bile salt, neutral red, and lactose agar was described by MacConkey in 1905, its formulation has been modified many times. The current formulation was designed to exhibit better differentiation of lactose fermenting versus non lactose fermenting organisms, enhance the growth of enteric pathogens, and improve the inhibition of swarming *Proteus* species.

III. PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE

The presence of casein and soy peptones in the Trypticase Soy Agar base makes this medium highly nutritious by supplying organic nitrogen, particularly amino acids and larger chained peptides. The sodium chloride maintains osmotic equilibrium. Defibrinated sheep blood, added to enrich the base medium, provides excellent growth and beta hemolysis of *Streptococcus pyogenes* in addition to appropriate hemolytic reactions of other organisms. It is a suitable medium for use with low concentration bacitracin discs (0.04 unit, Taxo® A) for presumptive identification of group A Streptococci, and for performing the CAMP test for presumptive identification of group B Streptococci (*S. agalactiae*).

The selective property of MacConkey medium is due to the addition of bile salts and crystal violet which inhibit the growth of gram positive organisms. Differentiation of lactose fermenting versus non lactose fermenting is achieved with the indicator neutral red. Colonies will appear either colorless or pink to red based on the organisms ability to ferment this carbohydrate.

IV. TYPICAL FORMULA AND APPEARANCE

(Approximate formula* per liter of processed water)

TSA 5% AGAR

Appearance = opaque, cherry red	
Pancreatic Digest of Casein	14.5g
Papaic Digest of Soybean Meal	5.0
Sodium Chloride	5.0
Agar	14.0
Defibrinated Sheep Blood	5%

MacCONKEY AGAR

Appearance = pinkish-purple, slightly opalescent	
Pancreatic Digest of Gelatin	17.0g
Pancreatic Digest of Casein	1.5
Peptic Digest of Animal Tissue	1.5
Lactose	10.0
Bile Salts	1.5
Sodium Chloride	5.0
Neutral Red	0.03
Crystal Violet	0.001
Agar	13.5

*adjusted and/or supplemented to meet performance criteria.

V. PRECAUTIONS

This product is for IN VITRO diagnostic use only. Culture specimens may contain microorganisms which can be potentially infectious to the user. Strict adherence to aseptic techniques and established precautions against microbiological hazards should be followed throughout the procedure. Carefully dispose of all items which contact patient specimens or isolated bacteria. (See Material Safety Data Sheet for further information.)

VI. STORAGE/SHELF LIFE

Plated media should be stored at 2-8°C (36-46°F), media side up, in the unopened or resealed package protected from light. DO NOT FREEZE OR EXPOSE TO HIGH TEMPERATURES. Allow unopened plates to warm to room temperature prior to inoculation. Prior to and during inoculation procedures, plates should be handled in a manner that minimizes product exposure to the environment. Product which has exceeded the assigned expiration date noted on the label should not be used.

Do not use plates that exhibit evidence of drying, cracking, discoloration, microbial contamination or any other signs of deterioration. The presence of excessive condensate may indicate plates which have been damaged by exposure to temperature extremes.

VII. SPECIMEN COLLECTION

The quality of culture results depends primarily on the adequacy and condition of the specimen submitted for examination. Proper specimen collection techniques must be followed to ensure the most accurate culture results. Sterile swabs and collection containers should be used. Plates should be inoculated promptly after specimen collection. If a delay in inoculation is unavoidable, transport medium should be employed. Specimens should be collected prior to the initiation of antimicrobial therapy.

Detailed information on proper specimen collection may be obtained from microbiology reference materials.

VIII. MATERIALS PROVIDED

TSA 5% SB / MacConkey Agar Plates and lot specific Quality Control Certificate.

IX. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Incubator maintaining 33-37°C.
Ancillary culture media, reagents and laboratory equipment as required.

X. PROCEDURE

Inoculate the specimen as soon as possible after it is received in the laboratory. The streak plate method is used primarily to isolate pure cultures from specimens containing mixed flora. If material is being cultured directly from a swab, roll the swab over a small area of the plate surface at the edge (approximately 1/4 to 1/3 of the plate); then streak in a zig-zag fashion with a sterile loop from this inoculated area to cover the entire agar surface. Avoid applying excessive pressure to the agar surface during inoculation to prevent gouging and splitting of the agar media. (Note: Agar surfaces should be smooth and moist but free of excessive moisture which could cause confluent growth patterns.)

XI. EXPECTED RESULTS

NCCLS Control Organisms (ATCC Strains)

TSA 5% AGAR

Streptococcus pyogenes (ATCC 19615) Growth, beta hemolysis

Streptococcus pneumoniae (ATCC 6305) Growth, alpha hemolysis

Staphylococcus aureus (ATCC 25923) Growth

Escherichia coli (ATCC 25922) Growth

MacCONKEY AGAR

Escherichia coli (ATCC 25922) Growth, pink colonies

Proteus mirabilis (ATCC 12453) Growth, colorless colonies, inhibition of swarming

Salmonella typhimurium (ATCC 14028) Growth, colorless colonies

Enterococcus faecalis (ATCC 29212) Inhibition (partial)

XII. LABORATORY RESULTS

These media are intended to be used as a primary isolation medium. Presumptive identification of organisms may be made on the basis of typical organism morphology, hemolytic reactions and Gram stain.

XIII. LIMITATIONS

The ability to detect microorganisms by culture techniques can be affected by the following factors: improper specimen collection, storage and inoculation, initiation of anti-infective therapy prior to specimen collection, improper culture incubation temperatures and atmospheres, improper length of culture incubation, and improper storage and handling of culture media.

Definitive identification of organisms and antimicrobial sensitivity determination requires additional testing which may include: Gram stain, oxidase, catalase, and other biochemical tests. Additional biochemical information may be obtained from reference microbiology texts.^{1,2,3}

XIV. REFERENCES

1. Finegold, S.M. and W.S. Martin. 1982. Bailey and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology, 6th ed. C.V. Mosby Company, St. Louis.
2. Koneman, E.S., S.D. Allen, V.R. Dowell, Jr. and H. M. Sommers. 1983. Color Atlas and Textbook of Microbiology, 2nd ed. J.B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia.
3. Lennette, E.H., ed. 1985. Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 4th ed. American Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C.

USER QUALITY ASSURANCE/ QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES AND INFORMATION

HealthLink recommends that the following quality assurance and quality control procedures be performed on each batch of product.

I. QUALITY ASSURANCE

The following quality assurance procedures must be performed to assure the product will perform according to its intended use within the assigned expiry date:

1. Daily, document that product storage refrigerator maintains temperature within the recommended range: 2-8°C.
2. Daily, document that laboratory incubator maintains temperature within the recommended range: 33-37°C.

II. QUALITY CONTROL

The following incoming inspection procedures must be performed for each batch (batch = same lot, same shipment) of culture media received in the laboratory :

1. Inspect plates according to instructions contained on the HealthLink Systems, Inc. "Quality Control Log Sheet." (See also Section VI "STORAGE/ SHELF LIFE")
2. Peel off the lower portion of a product bag label (Quality Control Certificate) for the lot being accepted into the laboratory and affix it to the Quality Control Log Sheet.
3. Initial and date the Quality Control Log Sheet.

Note: Notify Technical Service immediately if media does not meet the inspection criteria.

End users performing differential disc method procedures on this media, (i.e. Taxo® A disc for differentiation of group A beta Streptococcus, Taxo® P disc for differentiation of *Streptococcus pneumoniae*) must document and complete appropriate quality control procedures for these discs.

TECHNICAL SERVICE

HealthLink provides toll free technical service line (1-800-638-2625) to assist with product usage. To receive additional product information, procedural instructions, QA/QC log sheets, Material Safety Data Sheets, or to have technical questions answered; please call between the hours of 9:00 am to 5:00 pm EST.

HealthLink
3611 St. Johns Bluff Rd. S.
Jacksonville, FL 32224
1-800-638-2625

October 2005

Product No. 1280 Rev. No. 01



July 7, 2015

To Whom It May Concern:

In response to your request for a Safety Data Sheet for the following HealthLink products:

All culture media in petri-dishes tubes and bottles.

We believe the products above do not contain significant percentages (if any) of any hazardous materials and therefore does not require a Safety Data Sheet. If you require further information please contact HealthLink at 800-638-2625.

Sincerely,

Chris Timmons
Director of Quality Assurance